

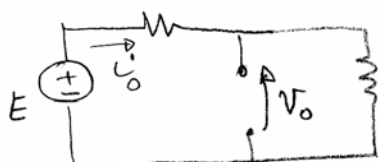
$$E = 10(1+k) \text{ V}$$

$$R = 10 \, \Omega$$

$$L = 10^2 \text{ H}$$

$$C = 0,5 \cdot 10^3 \text{ F}$$

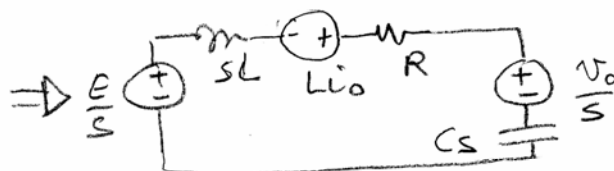
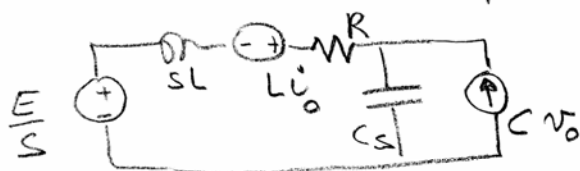
Condizioni iniziali



$$\dot{V}_0 = \frac{E}{2R} = 0,5(1+k)$$

$$V_0 = \frac{E}{2} = 5(1+k)$$

Circuito a tutto aperto nel dominio s



$$I = \frac{\frac{E}{s} + L\dot{V}_0 - \frac{V_0}{s}}{sL + R + \frac{1}{Cs}} = \frac{1}{L} \frac{(E - V_0) + sL\dot{V}_0}{s^2 + \frac{R}{L}s + \frac{1}{LC}} = 10^2 \frac{5(1+k) + s \cdot 10^2 \cdot 0,5(1+k)}{s^2 + 10^3 s + 2 \cdot 10^5}$$

calcolo poli:

$$s = -\frac{R}{2L} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{R}{2L}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{LC}} =$$

$$= -\frac{10}{2 \cdot 10^2} \pm \sqrt{25 \cdot 10^4 - 2 \cdot 10^5} = -5 \cdot 10^2 \pm 10^2 \sqrt{5} = (-5 \pm 2,24) \cdot 10^2$$

$$I = 10^2 \frac{[s + s \cdot 0,5 \cdot 10^{-2}](1+k)}{(s + 7,24 \cdot 10^2)(s + 2,76 \cdot 10^2)} = 10^2(1+k) \left[\frac{k_1}{s + 7,24 \cdot 10^2} + \frac{k_2}{s + 2,76 \cdot 10^2} \right] =$$

$$= 10^2(1+k) \frac{k_1(s + 2,76 \cdot 10^2) + k_2(s + 7,24 \cdot 10^2)}{(s + 7,24 \cdot 10^2)(s + 2,76 \cdot 10^2)}$$

$$I = 10^2(1+k) \left[\frac{0,3 \cdot 10^2}{s + 7,24 \cdot 10^2} + \frac{0,2 \cdot 10^2}{s + 2,76 \cdot 10^2} \right]$$

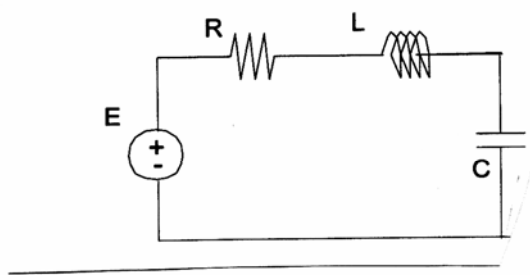
$$\dot{V} = (1+k) \left[-0,309 e^{-7,24 \cdot 10^2 t} + 0,809 e^{-2,76 \cdot 10^2 t} \right]$$

$$(k_1 + k_2)s + k_1 2,76 \cdot 10^2 + k_2 7,24 \cdot 10^2 = 5 + s \cdot 95 \cdot 10^2$$

$$\begin{cases} k_1 + k_2 = 95 \cdot 10^2 & k_2 = 95 \cdot 10^2 - k_1 \\ k_1 2,76 \cdot 10^2 + (95 \cdot 10^2 - k_1) 7,24 \cdot 10^2 = 5 \end{cases}$$

$$-k_1 4,48 \cdot 10^2 = 5 - 3,62 = 1,38$$

$$k_1 = -0,309 \cdot 10^2 \quad k_2 = 0,809 \cdot 10^2$$



$$e(t) = \sqrt{2} \cdot 100 (1+k) \cos 2\pi 50 t \quad \bar{E} = 10(1+k)$$

$$\omega = 314 \text{ rad/s}$$

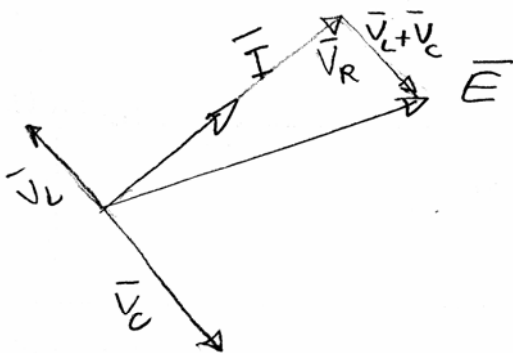
$$\omega L = 314 \cdot 10^{-2} = 3,14 \Omega$$

$$\frac{1}{\omega C} = \frac{1}{314 \cdot 0,5 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 6,37 \Omega$$

$$\bar{Z} = R + j[\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C}] = 10 + j[3,14 - 6,4] = 10 - j3,23$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{\bar{E}}{\bar{Z}} = \frac{10(1+k)}{10 - j3,23} = \frac{10(1+k)(10 + j3,23)}{100 + 11} = (1+k)(9,05 + j2,92)$$

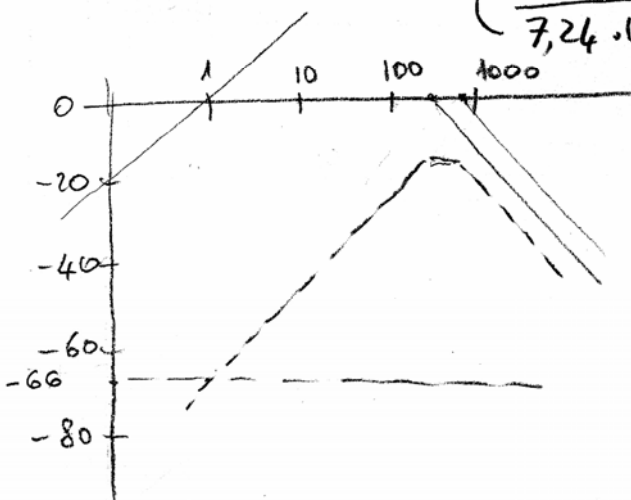
$$i(t) = \sqrt{2} (1+k) 9,51 \cos(2\pi 50 t + \arctan \frac{3,23}{10}) = \sqrt{2} (1+k) 9,51 \cos(2\pi 50 t + 18^\circ)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \bar{V}_R &= R\bar{I} = 10(1+k)(9,05 + j2,92) \\ \bar{V}_L &= j\omega L\bar{I} = j3,14(1+k)(9,05 + j2,92) \\ \bar{V}_C &= -\frac{j}{\omega C}\bar{I} = -j6,37(1+k)(9,05 + j2,92) \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{H}(j\omega) = \frac{\bar{E}}{(R + j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C})} \cdot \frac{1}{\bar{E}} = \frac{j\omega}{(j\omega)^2 LC + j\omega RC + 1}$$

$$= 0,5 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{j\omega}{(\frac{j\omega}{7,24 \cdot 10^2} + 1)(\frac{j\omega}{2,76 \cdot 10^2} + 1)}$$



$$20 \lg 0,5 \cdot 10^{-3} = -66 \text{ dB}$$